# HNB Garhwal University (A Central University) Srinagar-Garhwal, Uttarakhand School of Life Sciences

# **Syllabus**

# M.Sc. Environmental Sciences [Effective from Academic Session 2022-23 (Batch 2022-2024)]

# SEMESTER I

PAPER CODE	PAPER NAME	CREDITS
SOLS/EVS-C-001	Fundamentals of Environmental Sciences	03
SOLS/EVS- C-002	Man and Environment	03
SOLS/EVS-C-003	Natural Resources and its Management	03
SOLS/EVS-C-004	Environmental Chemistry and Instrumentation	03
SOLS/EVS-C-005	Lab Course –I	03
SOLS/EVS-C-006	Lab Course –II	03
TOTAL	18 Core Credits	

#### **SEMESTER II**

PAPER CODE	PAPER NAME	CREDITS
SOLS/EVS-C-007	Environmental Monitoring and Pollution Control	03
SOLS/EVS- C-008	Climate Science: Climate Change, Impact, Mitigation and	03
	Adaptation	
SOLS/EVS-C-009	Environmental Microbiology, Biotechnology and Environmental	03
	Toxicology	
SOLS/EVS-C-010	Ecology and Ecosystem services	03
SOLS/EVS-C-011	Lab Course –I	03
SOLS/EVS-C-012	Lab Course –II	03
SOLS/EVS-SS-001	Environment Vs Development	03
TOTAL	18 Core Credits (03 Self Study)	

# **SEMESTER III**

PAPER CODE	PAPER NAME	CREDITS
SOLS/EVS-C-013	Environmental Economics and Sustainable Development	03
SOLS/EVS- C-014	Biodiversity Conservation and Restoration Ecology	03
SOLS/EVS-C-015	Lab Course –I	03
SOLS/EVS-E-001	Environmental Geosciences and Disaster management	03
SOLS/EVS-E-002	Traditional Ecological knowledge	03
SOLS/EVS-E-003	Remote sensing, GIS and Environmental Modeling	03
SOLS/EVS-E-004	Environmental Toxicology	03
SOLS/EVS-E-005	Lab Course –II	03
SOLS/EVS-SS-002	Research Methodology and Environmental Statistics	03
TOTAL	09 Core Credits, 09 Elective Credits (03 Self Study)	

#### **SEMESTER IV**

PAPER CODE	PAPER NAME	CREDITS
SOLS/EVS-C-016	Environmental Management: EIA and Environmental Auditing	03
SOLS/EVS- C-017	Environmental Laws, Ethics and Policies	03
SOLS/EVS-C-018	Lab Course –I	03
SOLS/EVS-E-006	Dissertation	06
SOLS/EVS-E-007	Mountain Ecology	03
SOLS/EVS-E-008	Himalayan Wildlife	03
TOTAL	09 Core Credits 09 Elective Credits	

Total Credits: 78 (Core = 54, Elective=18, Self study=06)

#### **SOLS/EVS-C 001 Fundamentals of Environmental Sciences**

(03 credits)

#### **Unit I. Environment**

- 1.1 Definition, scope and importance of Environmental Sciences
- 1.2 Components of environment: atmosphere, hydrosphere, lithosphere and biosphere
- 1.3 Concept of Biosphere-2, Noosphere and Technosphere
- 1.4 Various activities under national environment awareness Campaigns (NEAC)

#### Unit II. Ecosystem

- 2.1 Structure of an ecosystem
- 2.2 Major ecosystems: Himalaya, Marine ecosystems, Deserts, Freshwater ecosystems, Forests and Antarctica ecosystem
- 2.3 Ecosystem Goods and Services
- 2.3Energy pathways and ecological processes
- 2.4 Ecosystem productivity (primary and secondary)
- 2.5 Biogeochemical cycles: Nitrogen, Carbon, Phosphorus, Sulphur, Water and Oxygen
- 2.6 Food chain, food web and ecological pyramids

# Unit III. Population, Community, Ecological Succession

- 3.1 Characteristics of population
- 3.2 Population growth
- 3.3 Concept and characteristics of communities (concept of habitat, niche, keystone species, dominant species, flagship species and ecotones)
- 3.4 Ecological succession: primary and secondary succession, climax communities and trends in succession
- 3.5 Ecological adaptations (Air, Hill, Stream water, Desert and Deep sea)

#### **Unit IV. Self Sustenance of Ecosystem**

- 4.1 Homeostasis in natural ecosystems
- 4.2 Ecosystem stability and resilience
- 4.3 Biodiversity and ecosystem stability
- 4.4 Drivers influencing ecosystem stability

#### Unit V. Environmental Issues and Problems

- 5.1 Green house effect, Global warming and climate change
- 5.2 Conflicts on emission of green house gases
- 5.3 Eutrophication
- 5.4 Mega dams and its impact on Environment
- 5.5 International and national water disputes and coastal zone conflicts

#### **Unit I. Man and Environment Relationship**

- 1.1 Pre-historic man and Environment
- 1.2 Hunting and Gathering society and Environment
- 1.3 Pastoralism and Environment
- 1.4 Agro-society and Environment
- 1.5 Industrial society and Environment
- 1.6 Future Society (Sustainable Society)

# Unit II. Fundamentals of Environmental Sociology

- 2.1 Definition, concepts, issues and scope of Environmental Sociology
- 2.2 Concept of caste, tribe, clan, society and social structure
- 2.3 Cultural Resources
- 2.4 Indigenous/traditional wisdom for Environmental protection

#### Unit III. Religion, Culture and Environment

- 3.1 Role of religion, culture, belief and traditions in conserving environment
- 3.2 Hinduism and The Environment
- 3.3 Buddhism and The Environment
- 3.4 Islam and The Environment
- 3.5 Christianity and The Environment
- 3.6 Jainism and The Environment
- 3.7 Sikhism and The Environment

#### **Unit IV. Environmental Ethics and Moral**

- 4.1 Definition and concept of Environmental Ethics
- 4.2 Resource consumption patterns and need for equitable utilization
- 4.3 Anthropocentrism, stewardship, biocentrism, ecocentrism, Cosmo centrism
- 4.4 Conservation ethics, traditional value system in India
- 4.5 Sacred Landscapes, Sacred grooves and Sacred species

# **Unit I. Principles of Natural Resource Management**

- 1.1 Natural resources- concepts, types and their values
- 1.2 Factors influencing resource availability, distribution and uses
- 1.3 Process of resource depletion
- 1.4 Ecosystem services by various natural resources

# Unit II. Forest and Wildlife Resources and their Management

- 2.1 Forest resources: Major Forest types, their characteristics and distribution status of forest cover
- 2.2 Forest use and over exploitation: Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forest and tribal people
- 2.3 Forest management practices
- 2.4 Wildlife resources: Current status, services and threats
- 2.5 Human-wildlife conflict and its resolution
- 2.6 Principles and practices of wildlife management: Need for wildlife planning
- 2.7 Human dimensions in wildlife management: Project Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation.

#### Unit III. Water Resources and their Management

- 3.1 Water resources: Historical background, world scenario and current challenges, status of surface and groundwater
- 3.2 Use and over exploitation of surface and ground waters
- 3.3 Integrated Water Resource Management (IWRM): Key challenges and issues
- 3.4 Legal aspects of water resources and management: Water legislations in India, Water Governance, Policies and legal frameworks

# Unit IV. Energy Resources and their Management

- 4.1 Definition, concept and classification of energy resources
- 4.2 Non-renewable energy resources (Fossil fuels, Nuclear energy, Hydrogen fuel cell)
- 4.3 Renewable energy resources (Solar energy, Wind energy, Hydropower energy, Tidal energy, Geo-thermal energy)
- 4.4 Energy Management : Energy Crisis, Energy audit and sustainable use of energy resources

# **Unit I. Fundamentals of Environmental Chemistry**

- 1.1 Stochiometry
- 1.2 Laws of Thermodynamics and Gibbs energy
- 1.3 Chemical potential
- 1.4 Chemical kinetics and Chemical equilibrium
- 1.5 Solubility product
- 1.6 Concentration Units (Normality, Molarity and Molality
- 1.7 Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons
- 1.8 Radionuclides
- 1.9 Redox Potential

# Unit II. Atmospheric chemistry

- 2.1 Tropospheric chemistry
- 2.2 Atmospheric aerosols and gaseous pollutants
- 2.3 Mixing height/depth, Lapse rates and Gaussian plume model
- 2.4 Smog and Fog
- 2.5 Black carbon
- 2.6 Stratospheric chemistry

## **Unit III. Water Chemistry**

- 3.1 Physico-chemical properties of water
- 3.2 Hydrological Cycle
- 3.3 Sedimentation, Coagulation, flocculation, filtration
- 3.4 Freshwater chemistry
- 3.5 Chemistry of marine water and major ions
- 3.6 Carbonate system

#### **Unit IV. Soil Chemistry**

- 4.1 Inorganic and organic components of soil
- 4.2 Mechanism of rock weathering
- 4.3 Soil pH, Nitrogen pathways
- 4.4 NPK in soil

# Unit V. Instrumentation Techniques

- 5.1 Titrimetry, Gravimetry
- 5.2 Flame photometry
- 5.3 Spectrophotometry (UV-VIS, AAS, ICP-MS)
- 5.4 Chromatography- Paper, TLC, GLC, HPLC
- 5.5 Electrophoresis

- Exercise 1. Analysis of various components (producer, consumer, decomposer) of ecosystems- lake, pond, river, forest, and mountain
- Exercise 2. Calculation of Importance Value Index (IVI) of different plant species in a grassland ecosystem/forest patch
- Exercise 3. Calculation of frequency, density and abundance of different macrozoobenthos dwelling in the riverine/lacustrine ecosystem
- Exercise 4. Determination of soil texture in different terrestrial habitats
- Exercise 5. Monitoring of biological diversity and calculation of Shannon Wiener diversity index in aquatic/ terrestrial habitats
- Exercise 06. To study the various stages of human evolution
- Exercise 07. To study the artifacts of ancient human
- Exercise 08. To study the social structure of communities in nearby area
- Exercise 09. To study the environmental concerns in various religions
- Exercise 10. To study traditional conservational ethics in various Indian communities

- Exercise 01. To prepare an inventory of natural resources of any forest ecosystem located in nearby area.
- Exercise 02. To study the characteristics and functions of a watershed.
- Exercise 03. To study principle and working of solar cooker.
- Exercise 04. To study principle and working of water heating system.
- Exercise 05. To study principle and working of water mill (*Gharat*)
- Exercise 06. Determination of dissolved oxygen (Modified Winkler's method), BOD and COD in a given sample of water
- Exercise 07. Determination of Total solid, total dissolved solids (TDS) and total suspended solids in a water sample
- Exercise 08. Determination of alkalinity, acidity and total hardness in a given water samples
- Exercise 09. Determination of chloride in a given water sample
- Exercise 10. Determination of heavy metals in water and soil samples

#### **SOLS/EVS-C 007** Environmental Monitoring and Pollution Control

(03 credits)

#### **Unit I. Environmental Monitoring**

- 1.1 Concept and objectives of environmental monitoring
- 1.2 Global environmental monitoring system (GEMS)
- 1.3 National environmental monitoring programmes
- 1.4 Bio indicators and biological monitoring

#### **Unit II. Air and Water Pollution**

- 2.2 Major sources of air and water pollution
- 2.2 Effects of pollutants on human beings, plants and animals
- 2.3 Control measures and management techniques for air and water pollution
- 2.4 Sewage and industrial effluent treatment
- 2.5 National and international standards for ambient air quality and drinking water quality and effluent water quality
- 2.6 Indoor air pollution (Smoke, Hydrocarbons, Particulate matter, VOCs, Radon, CO, Biological pollutants, Formaldehyde / Pressed wood Products)
- 2.7 Marine pollution

#### **Unit III. Noise Pollution**

- 3.1 Sources of noise pollution
- 3.2 Measurement of noise, exposure levels and standards
- 3.3 Impact of noise on human health
- 3.4 Noise control and abatement measures

#### **Unit IV. Radioactive and Thermal Pollution**

- 4.1 Radioactive pollution: causes and consequences
- 4.2 Radioactive fallout, Chernobyl Accident: Three Mile Island accident, Fukushima radioactive leakage
- 4.3 Radioactive waste management
- 4.4 Thermal pollution: causes and consequences

# Unit V. Solid Waste Management

- 5.1Types and major sources of solid waste
- 5.2 Waste characteristic: physical, chemical and biological
- 5.3 Solid waste and environmental problems
- 5.4 Integrated solid waste management of municipal waste
- 5.5 E-waste and its management

(03 credits)

# **Unit I. Introduction to Climatology**

- 1.1 Definition, brief history and scope of Climatology
- 1.2 Meteorological parameters: temperature, pressure, precipitation, humidity, radiation, wind and clouds
- 1.3 Composition, structure and importance of atmosphere
- 1.4 Concept of weather, season and Climate

#### **Unit II. Different Climatological process**

- 2.1 Atmospheric heating and cooling, Heat budget and Heat balance, Global temperature circulation
- 2.2 Planetary wind pattern and General atmospheric circulation
- 2.3 Atmospheric moisture: Condensation and different types of precipitation
- 2.4 Atmospheric humidity: Measurement and distribution
- 2.5 Oceans and international variations in climate (El Nino, ENSO, La Nina)
- 2.6 Natural and atmospheric extreme events: Tropical cyclone, thunder storms, tornadoes, flood, cloud burst, drought

# **Unit III. Regional Climatology**

- 3.1 Definition, microclimate and meso-climate scale
- 3.2 Climate and distribution of vegetation
- 3.3 Mid-latitude climate
- 3.4 Polar and high land climate

#### Unit IV. Applied Climatology or Responses to Climate Change: Adaptation and Mitigation

- 4.1 Natural and Anthropogenic (man-made) causes of climate change
- 4.2 Consequences of climate change
- 4.3 Climate Change: Biodiversity, agriculture and industry
- 4.4 Climate change and Food security
- 4.5 Human response to climate
- 4.6 Adaptation concepts and strategies
- 4.7 Limiting climate change: Adaptation and Mitigation

#### **UNIT V. Arctic and Polar Affairs**

- 5.1 Introduction, history and importance of polar and arctic regions/zones on earth
- 5.2 Structure and Specificity of arctic and polar ecosystems
- 5.3 Vulnerability of arctic ecosystems
- 5.4 Periglacial and terrestrial habitats in arctic and polar regions
- 5.5 Arctic and polar species diversity
- 5.6 Stress, adaptation and survival in arctic and polar regions
- 5.7 Climate change and environmental degradation in arctic and polar zones

## **Unit I. Environmental Microbiology**

- 1.1 Introduction, history and scope of Environmental Microbiology
- 1.2 Microbial diversity: major groups of microbes in water, air and soil
- 1.3 Microbes of extreme environment
- 1.4 Microbial pathogen and their control

## Unit II. Microbial Nutrition and ecology

- 2.1 Mode Microbial nutrition
- 2.2 Determination of growth
- 2.3 Microbial interactions
- 2.4 Chemolithotrophy and humus
- 2.5 Effects of environmental factors (Light, temperature, moisture, pH) on microorganisms
- 2.6 Mechanism of chemotaxis
- 2.7 Biochemical and molecular methods for microbial isolation and identification

## **Unit III. Environmental Biotechnology**

- 3.1 Concept, history and scope of Environmental Biotechnology
- 3.2 Bioremediation and bio-augmentation
- 3.3 Bio-indicators, bio-fuels and biosensors
- 3.4 Bio-fertilizer technology
- 3.5 Fermentation technology
- 3.6 Aquaculture
- 3.7 Vermiculture technology

#### Unit IV. Environmental Toxicology

- 4.1 Definition, concept and scope of Environmental Toxicology
- 4.2 Xenobiotic components- Dyes and Detergent, Food Additives, Pesticides and Heavy metals
- 4.3 Biotransformation: Principle, sites, biotransformation enzymes, biotransformation for gaseous toxicants
- 4.4 Bioaccumulation: Principle, sub-lethal and indirect effects of bioaccumulation
- 4.5 Bioremediation, Bio-magnification, and Bio-concentration

#### Unit V. Toxicity assessment, System Toxicity and Risk Assessment

- 5.1 *In-vivo* and *in-vitro* toxicity assessment
- 5.2 Acute and chronic toxicity; Acute, sub acute, sub chronic and chronic toxicity test; concept of bioassay, threshold limit value, margin of safety, therapeutic index
- 5.3 LD50, LC50, EC50, and IC50
- 5.4 Factors affecting toxicity
- 5.5 Translocation and mechanism of toxicants (Absorption, distribution and excretion of toxic agents)
- 5.6 Risk Assessment (Models, Methods and Management)

# **Unit I. Fundamentals of Freshwater Ecology**

- 1.1 Definition, concept and scope of Freshwater Ecology
- 1.2 History of Freshwater Ecology
- 1.3 Goods and services of freshwater ecosystem
- 1.4 Freshwater: distribution and depletion
- 1.5 Freshwater ecosystem: Lake, stream, river, wetland (origin, evolution and characteristics)
- 1.6 Freshwater biota (lake, river, stream and wetland)
- 1.7 Basic concept of Hyporheic biodiversity and crenobiodiversity
- 1.8 Drivers of degradation of freshwater ecosystems and their conservation and management

# **Unit II. Terrestrial Ecology**

- 2.1 Structure, function and distribution of terrestrial ecosystem
- 2.2 Major terrestrial ecosystem in the world
- 2.3 Biomes and Biogeographic realms of worlds
- 2.4 Forest ecology
- 2.5 Grassland ecology
- 2.6 Desert ecology
- 2.7 Goods and services provided by terrestrial ecosystems
- 2.8 Drivers of degradation of terrestrial ecosystems and their conservation and management

# **Unit III. Marine Ecology**

- 3.1 Definition, concept, history and scope of marine ecology
- 3.2 Physico-chemical aspects of estuaries, marine and mangrove ecosystems
- 3.3 Biotic communities of estuaries, marine and mangrove ecosystems
- 3.4 Coral Reef: as a specialized oceanic ecosystem
- 3.5 Drivers of degradation of coastal ecosystems and their conservation and management

#### Unit IV. Agro-ecosystem and their Management

- 4.1 Agriculture in India and the World
- 4.2 Key concepts of Agro-ecosystems
- 4.3 Functional basis for the sustainable management of Agro-ecosystems
- 4.4 Management of Agro-ecosystems

- Exercise 1. Monitoring of Particulate matter (PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>)
- Exercise 2. Determination of Noise levels at different places
- Exercise 3. Case study of effluent treatment plant and sewage treatment plant in any industry
- Exercise 4. Determination of SOx and NOx in ambient air
- Exercise 5. Identification of biological indicators of pollution in terrestrial and aquatic habitat
- Exercise 6. Measurement of dry and wet bulb temperature
- Exercise 7. Recording of wind speed and direction
- Exercise 8. Preparation of wind roses with the given data
- Exercise 9. Recording of diurnal variations in temperature
- Exercise 10. Modeling of impact of global warming on glaciers

- Exercise 1.To study the three dimensional structure of a stream/river
- Exercise 2. Collection and identification of periphyton, phytoplankton and macrophytes
- Exercise 3. Collection and identification of zooplankton and macrozoobenthos
- Exercise 4. Determination of total microbial count in water sample
- Exercise 5. Determination of total count (MPN) of coliform in a water sample
- Exercise 6.Quantitative analysis of heavy metals in environmental samples. Lead, Cadmium, Mercury, Chromium and Arsenic in air, water and soil samples
- Exercise 7. Study of risk assessment model through flow chart
- Exercise 8. Assessment and calculation of toxicity (LD50 / LC 50) through dose response relation
- Exercise 9. To study the different economic value and valuation methods for ecosystem services
- Exercise 10. A case study of ecosystem services provided by any ecosystem (forest/lake/river)

# Unit I. Growth and Development

- 1.1 Definition, concept and scope of economic growth and development
- 1.2 Classical theories of development
- 1.3 Contemporary models of development and underdevelopment
- 1.4 Poverty, inequality and development
- 1.5 Evolution of worldwide awareness about environment and activity of Nations, environment and awareness programs

# **Unit II. Resource and Development**

- 2.1 Environment and human resources
- 2.2 Urbanization and informal sector
- 2.3 Agriculture transformation and rural development
- 2.4 International aspect of development

# Unit III. Environment versus Development

- 3.1 Development dominant phases at global and National levels
- 3.2 Conflict between environment development
- 3.3 Environmental Activism
- 3.4 Resolution of conflict between environment and development
- 3.5 Sustainable Development: Various dimensions

# Unit IV. Controversies Related with Environment and Development

- 4.1 Industrial revolution and environment
- 4.2 Hydropower development and environment in the Himalayas
- 4.3 Impact of road construction and widening on environment and wildlife
- 4.4 Ganga Bachao / Nadi Bachoa Andolan
- 4.5 Sand mining and environment

## **SEMESTER III**

# SOLS/EVS-C013 Environmental Economics and Sustainable Development (03 credits)

#### **Unit I. Fundamentals of Environmental Economics**

- 1.1 Definition, concepts, issues and scope of Environmental Economics
- 1.2 Concept of the commons, tragedy of commons, externalities (indirect costs), economic goods/ services, supply, demand, intangibles, public goods and bads
- 1.3 Limitations of Environmental Economics

#### **Unit II. Economic Tools**

- 2.1 Valuing the environment and natural resources
- 2.2 Ecology and equity
- 2.3 Natural resource accounting, cost-benefit analysis
- 2.4 Life cycle assessment (LCA)
- 2.5 Intellectual property rights (IPR) and environment

# **Unit III. Sustainable Development**

- 3.1 Principles of Sustainable Development: History and emergence of the concept and definition of Sustainable Development
- 3.2 Goals of Sustainable Development
- 3.3 Stake holders of Sustainable development: People, Government, investor, Industry, Judiciary & international organization working for Sustainable development
- 3.4 From unsustainable to sustainable development

#### Unit IV. Social Issues and the Environment

- 4.1 Resettlement and rehabilitation: Problems and concerns
- 4.2 National Policy for Rehabilitation and resettlement (NPRR 2007)
- 4.3 Genesis and evolution of environmental movements
- 4.4 Major environmental movements (Chipko, Appiko, Narmada Bachao Andolan, Tehri dam conflicts and Silent valley movement, Nadi Bachao Andolan, Beej Bachao Andolan)

#### **Unit I. Introduction to Biodiversity**

- 1.1 Concept and values of biodiversity
- 1.2 Biodiversity and ecosystem services
- 1.3 Biodiversity at different levels (genetic, species and ecosystem)
- 1.4 Magnitude and distribution of biodiversity
- 1.4 Threats to biodiversity and its loss
- 1.4 Hotspots of biodiversity

## Unit II. Biodiversity: Conservation and Management

- 2.1 Need for biodiversity conservation and management
- 2.2 Biodiversity and livelihood
- 2.3 IUCN threatened species categories
- 2.4 *In -situ* and *Ex-situ* conservation
- 2.5 International and National conferences and conventions related to biodiversity
- 2.6 Biodiversity Act, Biodiversity Rules and Regulations
- 2.7 International organizations involved in biodiversity management: IUCN, UNEP, UNESCO, WWF

#### **Unit III. Restoration Ecology**

- 3.1 Introduction, concept and scope of Restoration Ecology
- 3.2 History of Restoration Ecology and Future needs
- 3.2 Elements of ecological restoration
- 3.3 Restoration of degraded aquatic ecosystems: springs, rivers and wetlands
- 3.4 Restoration of terrestrial ecosystem: forest and landscape

#### Unit IV. Management of Restoration Project

- 4.1 Setting goals
- 4.2 Planning
- 4.3 Action plan
- 4.4 Adaptive management
- 4.5 Monitoring
- 4.6 Legal framework and international agreements
- 4.7 Indian guidelines for sustainable mining management

- Exercise 1. To study socio-economic status- Preparing of questionnaire and case studies
- Exercise 2. Inventorization of local NTPFs.
- Exercise 3. Economic evaluation of a forest area/lake/river
- Exercise 4. Cost-benefit analysis of a river valley project
- Exercise 5. Market survey for forest products
- Exercise 6. To study the restoration of limestone mined area, Doon valley
- Exercise 7. To study restoration and management plan for river sand mined area of any river
- Exercise 8. Preparation of an inventory of WCS/IUCN categories of animal and plant species of any National Park/ Sanctuary
- Exercise 9. Preparation of inventory of endangered and extinct species of plants/animals of India
- Exercise 10. Assessment of threats to biodiversity of a given region

# Unit I. Fundamentals of Environmental Geosciences and Earth System

- 1.1 Definition, concept and scope of Environmental Geosciences
- 1.2 Origin and evolution of the Earth; plate tectonics, rocks and their classification
- 1.3 Relationship among various geospheres
- 1.4 Energy budget and thermal environment of the Earth

# Unit II. Environmental Geochemistry and Land use Planning

- 2.1 Concept, importance and use of the Earth elements
- 2.2 Weathering, soil formation, soil profile, soil classification and distribution
- 2.3 Land use planning: Soil survey, methods of site selection and evaluation

# Unit III. Earth's Processes and Geological Hazards

- 3.1 Catastrophic geological hazards, hazards in Himalayan and coastal areas
- 3.2 Terrestrial hazards; floods, landslides, cloud burst, earthquakes, volcanism, avalanche and glacier lake outburst
- 3.3 Coastal hazards; Tsunami, storms in oceans, ice sheets and fluctuation s of sea levels, marine pollution by toxic wastes

# **Unit IV. Disaster Management**

- 4.1 Introduction and definition of vulnerability, risk, hazard, disaster and catastrophe
- 4.2 Impact of disaster on economy and society
- 4.3 Disaster management cycle
- 4.4 Disaster management and sustainability

# Unit V. Disaster Mitigation and Risk Reduction

- 5.1 Risk and vulnerability assessment
- 5.2 Disaster preparedness; information, education, awareness and communication
- 5.3 Disaster mitigation; approaches and strategies
- 5.4 Disaster response and planning; Search, Rescue and evacuation, damage, community health and casualty management
- 5.5 Disaster recovery: social and economic aspects of rehabilitation and resettlement
- 5.6 Prediction and perception of the hazards
- 5.7 Community based disaster risk reduction strategies

#### Unit I. Introduction

- 1.1. Definition, concept, and scope of TEK
- 1.2. Traditional ecological knowledge as a science
- 1.3. TEK in different forms (stories, legends, folklore, rituals, folk songs, and dictums)
- 1.4. Traditional technology of subsistence (artifacts, crafts etc.)
- 1.5. Language and traditional knowledge

#### Unit II. Cultural, Sacred, Myth, Rituals and Beliefs

- 2.1. Basic concept of society, culture and religion
- 2.2. Nature, aims and objectives of comparative religion (caste, community and their culture).
- 2.3. Basic feature of religion and principal sets of religion
- 2.4. Myths, rituals and beliefs associated with TEK in Hinduism, Buddhism, Islam and Christainity
- 2.5. TEK in Indian Himalayan states

# Unit III. TEK and Natural Resources Management

- 3.1. TEK for forest conservation,
- 3.2. TEK for water harvesting,
- 3.3. TEK for wildlife case study
- 3.4. TEK for conservation of biodiversity
- 3.5. TEK related with medicinal plants
- 3.6. TEK related with agriculture and cattle rearing
- 3.7. TEK related with horticulture

#### Unit IV. Knowledge Transfer: Old Concepts and Barriers

- 4.1. Old concepts and barriers in transferring indigenous traditional knowledge
- 4.2. Old myths in transferring traditional knowledge
- 4.3. God and man
- 4.4. Ways of prayers, rituals in different communities

#### Unit V. Documentation and Preservation of TEK

- 5.1. Need for Documentation and Preservation
- 5.2. International laws and policy of TEK
- 5.3. Laws and policy in India for TEK

# **Unit I. General Introduction to Remote Sensing**

- 1.1 Definition, concepts and scope of remote sensing
- 1.2 History of remote sensing
- 1.3 Electromagnetic radiations (EMR) and electromagnetic spectrum and atmosphere window
- 1.4 Platforms, sensors and types of scanning systems
- 1.5 Basic characteristics of sensors; salient features of sensors used in LANDSAT, SPOT and Indian remote sensing satellites
- 1.6 Earth's and atmospheric interaction with EMR
- 1.7 Spectral reflectance of vegetation, soil and water

# **Unit II. Application of Remote Sensing**

- 2.1 Application of remote sensing in EIA
- 2.2 Application of remote sensing in groundwater
- 2.3 Applications of remote sensing in mining
- 2.4 Application of remote sensing in forest management
- 2.5 Application of remote sensing in characterization and monitoring of biodiversity
- 2.6. Application of remote sensing in mapping of wetlands

# **Unit III Geographic Information System (GIS)**

- 3.1 Introduction and basic principle and scope of GIS
- 3.2 Application of GIS
- 3.3 Brief outline of Digital Image Processing

#### **Unit IV: Environmental Modeling**

- 4.1 Definition, concept and role of modeling in Environmental Sciences
- 4.2 Components of a model
- 4.3 Models of population (growth and interaction) and pollution dispersal
  - a. Lotka Voltera model
  - b. Leslie Matrix model
  - c. Gaussian Plume model

#### **Unit I. Introduction to Environmental Toxicology**

- 1.1 Definition, concept and scope of Environmental Toxicology
- 1.2 Common environmental toxicants
- 1.3 Heavy metals: Sources and their effects on life and environment
- 1.4 Pesticides: Types, uses and harmful effect of pesticides; brief note on biopesticides, persistent organic pesticides.
- 1.5 Mutagenic and carcinogenic chemicals, polyaromatic hydrocarbons, nitrosamines, organic solvents, alcohol, carbon tetrachloride, anesthetic (chloroform, ether, xylocaine) tobacco chewing and smoking

#### **Unit II. Toxicity Assessment**

- 2.1 *In-vivo* and *in-vitro* toxicity assessment
- 2.2 Accute, subacute, sub chronic and chronic toxicity test
- 2.3 Skin and eye test, behavioural, neurotoxic, reproductive, mutagenic test, hypersensitivity and allergy.
- 2.4 LD50, LC50, EC50, and IC50
- 2.5 Factors affecting toxicity

#### **Unit III. Systemic Toxicity**

- 3.1 Absorption, translocation and excretion Xenobiotics: Membrane permeability and mechanism of chemical transfer, Absorption of xenobiotics, distribution of toxicants, storage depots, translocation of xenobiotics, membrane barriers, excretion of xenobiotics(major detoxifying glands)
- 3.2 Neuro toxicity, hepatotoxicity, immunotoxicity, cardio-vascular toxicity, respiratory disfunction and hypersensitivity

#### Unit IV. Biotransformtion, Bioaccumulation and Biomagnification

- 4.1 Biotransformtion: Principle, sites, biotransformation enzymes, biotransformation for gaseous toxicants
- 4.2 Bioaccumulation: Principle, sublethal and indirect effects of bioaccumulation
- 4.3 Biomagnification, bioconcentration
- 4.4 Bioremediation

#### Unit V. Environmental Health and Risk Assessment

- 5.1 Risk assessment
- 5.2 Risk assessment models
- 5.3 Risk assessment methods
- 5.4 Risk management

# Section A: Environmental Geosciences and Disaster Management

- Exercise 1. To understand the interior of the Earth
- Exercise 2. To understand the process of soil formation
- Exercise 3. To study the soil profile
- Exercise 4. To study the classification and orders of soil
- Exercise 5. To study the various soil types of India

#### Section B: Traditional Ecological Knowledge

- Exercise 1: To study origin and evolution of Environmental movement
- Exercise 2 Preparation of an inventory of TEK for water conservation
- Exercise 3: Preparation of an inventory of TEK for biodiversity conservation
- Exercise 4: Preparation of an inventory of TEK related to medicinal plants
- Exercise 5. Documentation of traditional technology of subsistence (Artifacts, Crafts, Handlooms etc.)

## Section C: Remote Sensing, GIS and Environmental Modeling

- Exercise 1. Basics of Remote Sensing
- Exercise 2. Photo-interpretation of satellite imagery
- Exercise 3. Ground truth estimation of aerial photographs
- Exercise 4. Basic knowledge of GIS
- Exercise 5. Basic knowledge and use of GPS

#### **Section D: Environmental Toxicology**

- Exercise 1. Assessment of toxicity on an organism (fish or tadpole) through dose response relation (LC50/LC50)
- Exercise 2. Bioremediation experiment with the help of water hyacinth
- Exercise 3. Assessment of impact of high temperature on organisms (control experiment)
- Exercise 4. Study of risk assessment model through flow chart
- Exercise 5. Case study of biomagnification in any food chain
- Exercise 6. Quantitative analysis of heavy metals in environmental samples. Lead, Cadmium, Mercury, Chromium and Arsenic in air, water and soil samples

#### **Unit I. Introduction of Research Aptitude**

- 1.1 Research: Meaning, Types and Characteristics
- 1.2 positivism and post positivistic approach to research
- 1.3 Methods of research
- 1.4 Qualitative and Quantitative methods

#### Unit II. Various steps in the Research

- 2.1 Identification of research problems
- 2.2 Search of literature
- 2.3 Experimental design/construction of hypothesis
- 2.4 Materials and methods
- 2.5 Field study and collection of samples/questionnaire
- 2.6 Collection and analysis of data
- 2.7 Presentation of data in graphic and tabular form
- 2.8 Use of statistical tools
- 2.9 Discussion of results/ testing of hypothesis
- 2.10 Citation of references and bibliography

#### Unit III. Application of computer in Environmental Research

- 3.1 Use of different software for analysis of data- SPSS, Excel
- 3.2 Use of internet and search for literature
- 3.3 Format and styles of referencing
- 3.4 writing of thesis and dissertation
- 3.5 Plagiarism and research ethics

#### **Unit IV. Environmental Statistics**

- 4.1 Measurement of central tendency- Mean, Mode and Median
- 4.2 Dispersion- Standard deviation, Standard error, Mean deviation and Coefficient of variation
- 4.3 Moments measure of Skewness and Kurtosis
- 4.4 Distributions Normal, log-normal, Binomial, Poisson
- 4.5 Simple and multiple correlation and regression coefficient
- 4.6 Basic laws and concept of probability
- 4.7 Test of hypothesis and significance.
- 4.8 t, F, chi square tests
- 4.9 ANOVA

#### SOLS/EVS-C-016 Environmental Management: EIA and Environmental Auditing

(03 credits)

#### **Unit I. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)**

- 1.1 Concept, scope and objectives of EIA
- 1.2 Evolution of EIA and developmental projects under EIA
- 1.3 Protocol for Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)
- 1.4 EIA guidelines 1994: Notifications of Government of India
- 1.5 EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent modifications

# **Unit II. Methods of Impact Analysis**

- 2.1 Procedure of EIA
- 2.2 Impact assessment methodologies (Ad-hoc, Simple Checklist, Overlays, Matrices, Network, Combination Computer aided)
- 2.3 Impact prediction on air, water, land, biota, socio-economic environment
- 2.4 Concept of Cumulative Environmental Impact Assessment (CEIA)

#### **Unit III. Statuary Clearance Procedure and Public Consultation**

- 3.1 Expert Appraisal Committee(EAC)
- 3.2 Environmental Clearance, Wildlife Clearance and Forest Clearance
- 3.3 State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC) and State EIA Authority (SEIAA)
- 3.4 Concept, objectives and procedures of Public Consultation

# **Unit IV. Post-Project Monitoring and Environmental Auditing**

- 4.1 Principles and guidelines of environmental auditing
- 4.2 General Audit: Methodology and basic structure of environmental auditing
- 4.3 ISO 14000 series: ISO 9001, 9002

#### Unit V. Environmental Management and Management Plan

- 5.1 Concept, objectives and scope of environmental management.
- 5.2 Guidelines for EMP
- 5.3 Development of EMP- air, water, groundwater, noise, land and biodiversity
- 5.4 Rehabilitation and resettlement
- 5.5 Compensatory Afforestation
- 5.6 Green belt development

#### Unit I. National and International Efforts for Environmental Protection

- 1.1 Brief introduction about the structure of Indian Constitution
- 1.2 Environmental protection in the Indian Constitution
- 1.3 Major Environmental issues, challenges and its response at national and international Level
- 1.4 International and national efforts related to environmental Pollution, Climate change, Green house Gas emission, Ozone layer depletion and biodiversity conservation)

#### **Unit II. National Environmental Laws**

- 2.1 Indian Forest Act 1927; The Forest Conservation Act 1980, and Forest conservation Rules 2003
- 2.2 Wildlife Protection Act 1972 and its successive amendments
- 2.3 Biological Diversity Act 2002 and Biological Diversity Rules 2004
- 2.4 Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974 and Rules 1975 and subsequent amendments
- 2.5 Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1978 and Rules 1982 and successive amendments
- 2.6 The Environmental (Protection) Act 1986 and its amendment in 1991, The environment (Protection) Rules 1986
- 2.7 The National Green Tribunal Act 2010
- 2.8 The Public Liability Insurance Act 1991

#### Unit III. National Laws related to waste management

- 3.1 Biomedical Waste Management rules, 2016, as Amended 2019
- 3.2 Hazardous and other waste (Management & Transboundary movement) Rules, 2016
- 3.3 Plastic waste management rules 2016, as amended 2021
- 3.4 Solid waste management rules 2016
- 3.5 E-waste rules 2016 and E-waste (Management) Amendment Rules, 2018

#### **Unit IV. National Policies**

- 4.1 Forest Policy
- 4.2 Environmental Policy
- 4.3 Water Policy

- Exercise 1. Presentation of procedure of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) through flowchart
- Exercise 2. Presentation of procedure of Environmental Clearance through flowchart
- Exercise 3. Presentation of procedure of Forest Clearance through flowchart
- Exercise 4. Presentation of procedure of Environmental Auditing through flow chart
- Exercise 5.Presentation of procedure of Environmental Management Plan (EMP) through flow chart
- Exercise 6. Presentation of salient features of Wildlife Protection Act 1972
- Exercise 7. Presentation of salient features of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974
- Exercise 8. Presentation of salient features of the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1981
- Exercise 9. Presentation of salient features of The Environmental (Protection) Act and Rules 1986
- Exercise 10. Presentation of salient features of The Indian Forest Act 1927

#### **Unit I. Introduction**

- 1.1 Definition, importance and scope of Mountain Ecology
- 1.2 Specificity of mountain ecosystems
- 1.3 Environmental importance of mountains

# Unit II. Mountain Ecosystem

- 2.1 Structure and its components
- 2.2 Geological formations of mountains
- 2.3 Vulnerability of mountain ecosystems
- 2.4 Environmental degradation in mountains

#### **Unit III. Environmental Hazards in the Mountains**

- 3.1 Landslides, soil erosion and sedimentation
- 3.2 Cloud bursts
- 3.3 Flash floods and river blockades
- 3.4 Avalanches and Glaciers Lake Outburst Floods (GLOF)
- 3.5 Earthquakes
- 3.6 Forest fires

#### Unit IV. Conservation and Management of Natural Resources of Mountains

- 4.1 Natural resources of mountains (Forest, Water, Wildlife and Minerals)
- 4.2 Sustainable exploitation of natural resources
- 4.3 Traditional wisdom for management of natural resources
- 4.4 National and international efforts for management of mountains

#### **Unit V.** Mountains and People

- 5.1 Indigenous people of mountains
- 5.2 Livelihood of mountain people
- 5.3 Migration of mountain people
- 5.4 Livelihood security of mountain people

#### **Unit I. An Introduction to the Himalaya**

- 1.1 Physiography- location, expansion and importance
- 1.2 Origin and evolution of the Himalaya
- 1.3 Himalayan Environment
- 1.4 Natural resources of the Himalaya
- 1.5 Fragility of the mountain ecosystem

#### Unit II. Wildlife of the Himalaya

- 2.1 Unique characteristics and importance of the wildlife
- 2.2 Himalayan biodiversity
- 2.3 Endemism
- 2.4 Depletion of Himalayan wildlife

#### Unit III. Manifestation of Himalayan Wildlife

- 3.1 Himalayan wild Mammals
- 3.2 Himalayan wild Birds
- 3.3 Himalayan Reptiles and Amphibians
- 3.4 Himalayan Fish
- 3.5 Himalayan Butterflies
- 3.6 Rare and Endangered Himalayan wild flora

# Unit IV. Conservation and Management

- 4.1 Administrative and legislative measures for protection of wildlife
- 4.2 Protected areas (National parks, sanctuaries, biosphere reserves) in the Himalaya
- 4.3 Tiger Project, Project Elephant, Project Rhino, Project Snow Leopard
- 4.4 Man-Wildlife Conflict: agriculture-wildlife conflict
- 4.5 Wildlife Protection Act 1972 and successive amendments
- 4.6 Problems in implementation of the Wildlife Protection Act